

Non-destructive Method to Determine the Water Vapour Pressure in Vacuum Insulation Panels (VIP)

Daniel Kraus

Bavarian Centre for Applied Energy Research (ZAE Bayern)

The partial pressures have a different temperature dependence

Dry atmospheric gases

according to the ideal gas law:

$$p \cdot V = N \cdot k \cdot T$$



$$p_{\text{dry}} = \text{const.} \cdot T$$

Linear dependence

Water vapour

proportional to the saturated vapour pressure $p_{\text{saturated}}(T)$



$$p_{\text{wv}} = \varphi \cdot p_{\text{saturated}}(T)$$

exponential dependence

Provided: Sorption isotherm $\neq f(T)$

$\Rightarrow \varphi(T) = \text{constant}$

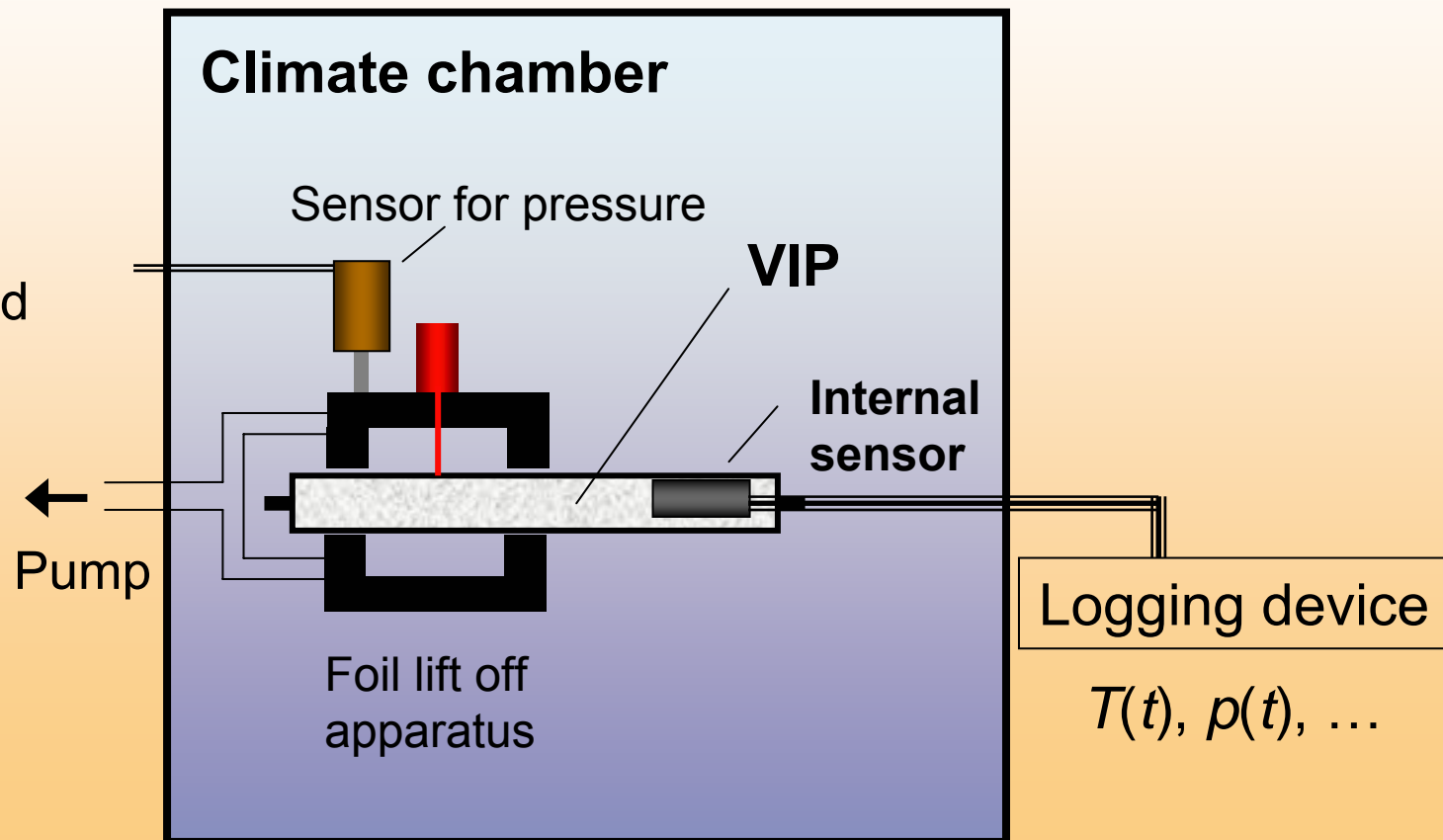
(if water content has not changed)

Pressure measurement:

Internal or flanged sensor
continuous data logging

Foil lift-off method

usable for
industrial
manufactured
panels



Non-destructive method to determine the WV partial pressure:

- measurement of internal pressure at least two different temperature (climate chamber)
- solving the equation:

$$p_{1,2}(\vartheta_{1,2}) = p_o \cdot \frac{273.15^{\circ}\text{C} + \vartheta_{1,2}}{293.15^{\circ}\text{C}} + \underbrace{\varphi \cdot 6.11 \text{ mbar} \cdot \exp\left(\frac{c_1 \cdot \vartheta_{1,2}}{c_2 + \vartheta_{1,2}}\right)}_{\text{Magnus equation with } c_1 = 17.08 \text{ and } c_2 = 234.18^{\circ}\text{C.}}$$

p_o : p_{dry} ($\vartheta = 20^{\circ}\text{C}$),

φ : relative humidity and

ϑ : temperature / $^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Magnus equation with

$c_1 = 17.08$ and $c_2 = 234.18^{\circ}\text{C}$.

from $p_1(\vartheta_1)$ and $p_2(\vartheta_2)$ we derive p_o and φ .

Alternative method to determine the water content (**destructive**):

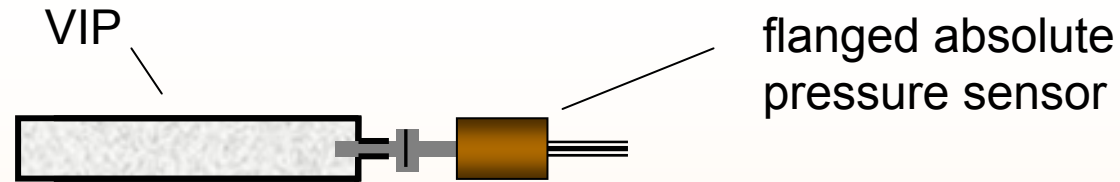
- cut the enclosure
- measure the mass loss upon drying the kernel

mass loss $m_{water} = m_{wet} - m_{dry}$

water content $x_{water} = m_{water} / m_{dry}$

From the sorption isotherm $x_{water}(\varphi)$ we derive φ .

Setup:

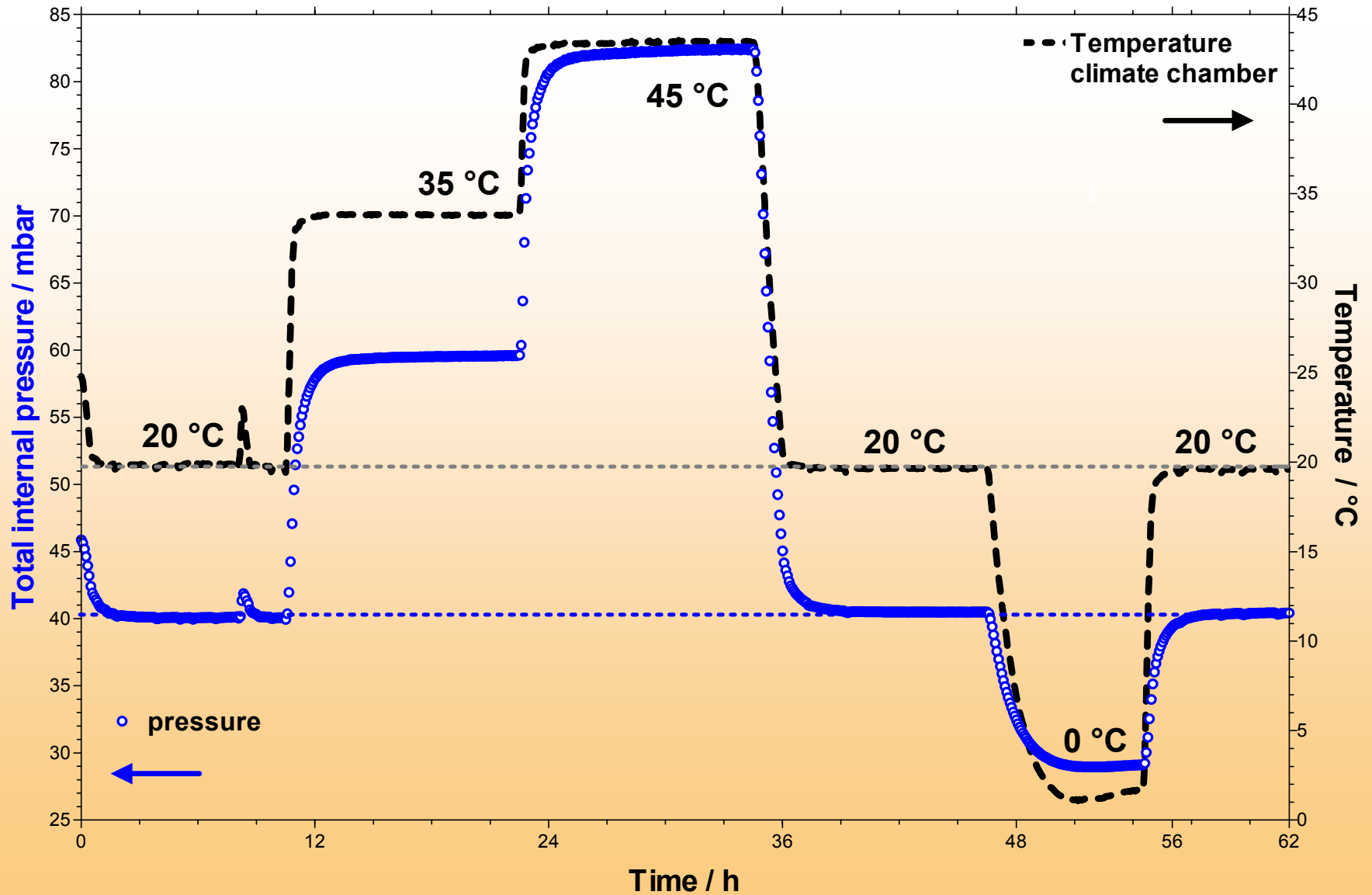


- dried,
- **loaded with water** and
- evacuated.

total pressure at 20 °C:
≈ 40 mbar

Procedure:

Step	1	2	3	4	5	6
Time / h	12	12	12	12	8	8
Temperature / °C	20	35	45	20	0	20

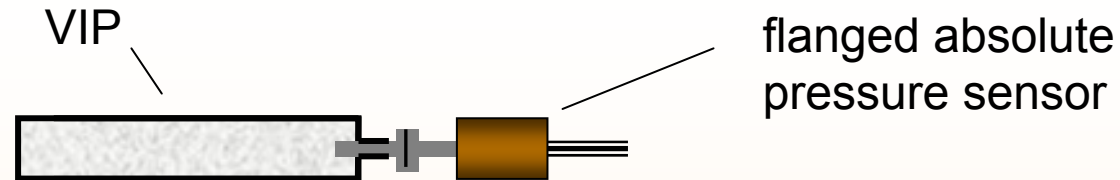


determined
with **non-**
destructive
method

φ (determined) / %	p_{wv} (23 °C) / mbar
61	≈ 17

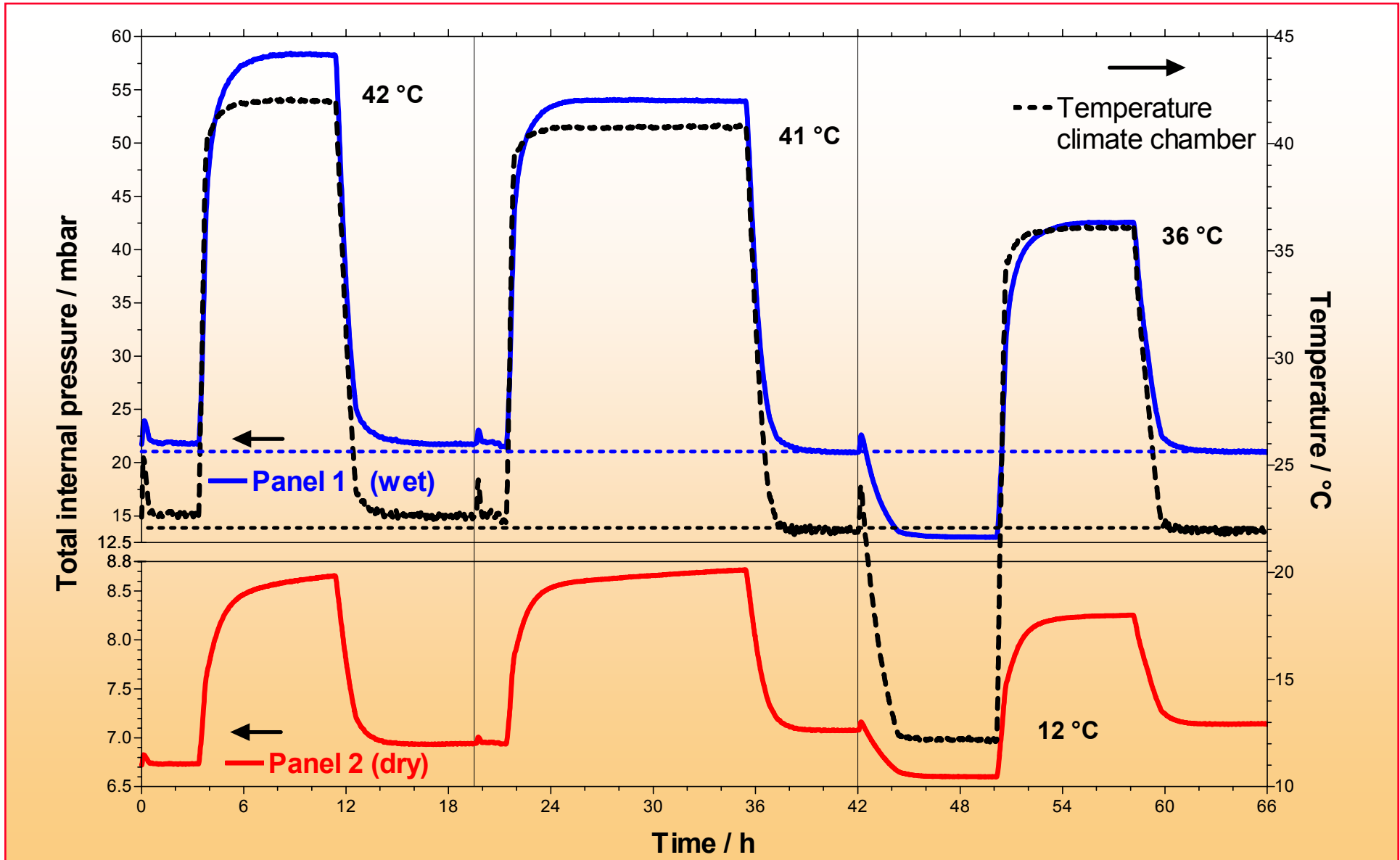
calculated values with sorption isotherm (**destructive**)

m_{water} / g	x_{water} / m-%	φ (calculated) / %	p_{wv} (23 °C) / mbar
9.6	2.9	50	≈ 14



Panel	Setup		Total pressure at room temperature
1	dried, loaded with water , evacuated.	wet	≈ 20 mbar
2	dried, evacuated.	dry	≈ 6 mbar

Different points of temperature ($10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$.. $45\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)
and step times (up to 15 h)



Panel:

1
[wet]

$T_1 / ^\circ\text{C}$	$T_2 / ^\circ\text{C}$	p_1 / mbar	p_2 / mbar	$\varphi / \%$	$p_{\text{wv}} (23 ^\circ\text{C}) / \text{mbar}$	p_0 / mbar
22.8	42.0	21.9	58.1	66.5	18.7	3.4
21.9	40.8	21.0	54.0	64.6	18.2	3.9
12.2	22.6	13.0	21.7	65.4	18.4	3.8
12.2	36.1	13.0	42.6	64.2	18.1	4.0
22.0	36.1	21.0	42.6	63.9	18.0	4.1
mean values:				64.9	18.3	3.8

2
[dry]

22.6	41.9	6.9	8.7	2.4	0.7	6.2
21.9	40.8	7.1	8.7	2.4	0.7	6.4
12.2	21.9	6.6	7.1	2.1	0.6	6.5
22.0	36.1	7.1	8.3	2.4	0.7	6.5
mean values:				2.3	0.7	6.4

determined
with **non-**
destructive
method

1

2

φ (determined) / %	p_{WV} (23 °C) / mbar
65	≈ 18
2.3	≈ 0.7

calculated values with sorption isotherm (**destructive**)

1

2

m_{water} / g	x_{water} / m-%	φ (calculated) / %	p_{WV} (23 °C) / mbar
13.4	4.0	59	≈ 17
0.7	0.18	2.1	≈ 0.6

We have developed a new approach to determine the water vapour pressure within a VIP:

- non-destructive
- independent on sorption isotherm
- easy to perform since the foil lift-off device is commercially available.

These investigations were performed within the project
„Energieoptimiertes Bauen, Teilkonzept 1: Aufbau einer Koordinationsstelle für die nationalen
Tätigkeiten zum ECBCS-Annex 39 „High Performance Thermal Insulations for Buildings“ (HiPTI) der
Internationalen Energieagentur (IEA) und Qualitätskontrolle von Vakuumisulationspaneelen [0327321E]“
funded by the BMWA (German Federal Ministry of Economics and Labour) in Berlin.